Commonwealth of Kentucky Division for Air Quality

PERMIT APPLICATION SUMMARY FORM

Completed by: Massoud Kayvanjah

<u>General Information:</u>		
Name:	Municipal Solid Waste Landfill	
Address:	Kentucky	
SIC/Source description:	4953	
Permit number:	G-07-001	
APPLICATION TYPE/PERMIT ACTIVIT	<u>Y</u> :	
[] Initial issuance		[X] General permit
Permit modification		[]Conditional major
Administrative		[X] Title V
Minor		[] Synthetic minor
Significant		[X] Operating
[X] Permit renewal		[] Construction/operating
COMPLIANCE SUMMARY:		
[] Source is out of complian		[] Compliance schedule included
[X] Compliance certification	signed	
APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS LIST:		
[] NSR	[X] NSPS	[X] SIP
[] PSD	[] NESHAPS	[] Other
[] Netted out of PSD/NSR	[] Not major m	odification per 401 KAR 51:017,
	1(23)(b) or 5	51:052,1(14)(b)
MISCELLANEOUS:		
[] Acid rain source		
[] Source subject to 112(r)		
[] Source applied for federa	ally enforceable emiss	ions cap
[] Source provided terms for		g scenarios
[] Source subject to a MAC		
[] Source requested case-by		termination
[] Application proposes nev		
[X] Certified by responsible		
[X] Diagrams or drawings in		
[] Confidential business inf		itted in application
[] Pollution Prevention Mea		
[] Area is non-attainment (l	ıst pollutants):	

SOURCE DESCRIPTION: Municipal Solid Waste landfills that commenced construction, reconstruction or modification on or after May 30, 1991. These landfills usually will have one or more leachate storage tanks. Many also accept asbestos containing waste which is placed in a separate section. Some MSW landfills are bioreactors or portion of a MSW landfill where any liquid other than leachate (leachate includes landfill gas condensate) is added in a controlled fashion into the waste mass (often in combination with re-circulating leachate) to reach a minimum average moisture content of at least 40 percent by weight to accelerate or enhance the anaerobic (without oxygen) biodegradation of the waste.

Leachate is the liquid that is collected under the waste cells that forms from decomposition of the waste or infiltration of water from rain. Leachate is collected to prevent groundwater contamination and is then treated onsite or shipped offsite for treatment. The leachate may be stored in one or more storage tanks while awaiting further treatment. Landfills which emit 50 megagrams or more of non-methane organic compounds (NMOC) are required to install a collection and control system which will control 98% of the collected NMOC.

Landfills also generate fugitive emissions from haul roads, stockpiles and yards as well as various other activities.